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kation, October 16. The patient was sent to the Cotugno hospital for contagious diseases. The lodging house at which the patient had been located was ordered by the provincial physician to be disinfected, and the other occupants and those of the adjoining houses to be vaccinated. These measures were promptly carried out.

Smallpox in Italy

Week ended October 11. Cases: Castelfranco (Bologna), 2; Palombara (Rome), 9; Naples, 3; Foggia, 13; Montemilone, 1; Genzano (Potenza), 1; Carida, 1; Maropati, 2; Radueno, 3; Giffone (Reggio Calabria), 1; Palermo, 2.

Week ended October 18. Cases: Naples, 3; San Giovanni a Teduccio, 1; Ponticelli, 1; Melito (Naples), 1; Marsico Nuovo (Potenza), 1; Albidona (Cosenza), 5; Carida, 1; Cinquefrondi, 1; Giffone, 2; Tatri-noli, 1; Maropati (Reggio Calabria), 3.

JAPAN.

Report from Kobe—Inspection of vessels—Examination of emigrants.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Slade reports, October 14:

During the week ended October 10, supplemental bills of health were granted to 4 steamships.

One hundred and eleven members of crews and 210 steerage passengers were inspected. Thirty-one steerage passengers were bathed and disinfected. Their effects were disinfected by steam. The number of pieces of baggage steamed was 74 and of bedding 60. Manifests were viséed for 93,583 pieces of freight, amounting to 8,074 tons.

Emigrants were examined as follows: Steamship *Tosa Maru* for Seattle, passed 14, recommended for rejection, 8; steamship *Manchuria* for Honolulu, passed 12, recommended for rejection, 5. The emigrants passed, together with 5 intending passengers to Victoria by the steamship *Tosa Maru*, were inspected, bathed, and disinfected. Their effects were disinfected before embarkation.

Report from Nagasaki—Status of cholera at Moji and Wakamatsu.

Consul Scidmore reports, September 28:

At Moji, from September 2 to 26, there were 51 cases of cholera with 31 deaths reported.

At Wakamatsu conditions are improved and no new cases of cholera have appeared since September 15, when there were reported 6 cases and 3 deaths. The disease made its first appearance at Wakamatsu August 25.

MEXICO.

Report from Mexico City—Further relative to outbreak of typhus fever.

The following information is received from the American embassy, through the Department of State, under date of November 6:

October 25. During the past week 25 cases of typhus fever were registered in the Federal District. In addition to these, 50 cases were registered in Belem prison. During the preceding week a total of 171

cases was registered, with 75 new cases. The entire force of sanitary inspectors is at work in all portions of the Federal District to prevent the spread of the disease.

Report from Progreso—Inspection and fumigation of vessels—Yellow fever at Merida—Sanitary conditions.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Harrison reports, October 24:

Period from October 16 to 24: Four steamships received bills of health; one was fumigated. The members of crews numbered 202; passengers from this port, 40.

Several new cases of yellow fever have occurred in Merida, of which cases 2 were in the lazaretto of the hospital and one in a private residence. All the cases originated in or near Merida. The number of foci in the city is 11 or 12. There is a large swamp on the south side of Progreso and extending the whole length of the town. Owing to the frequent and heavy rains of the past several months the swamp is flooded with water that is fresh in many places and only slightly brackish in others.

Report from Tampico—Inspection of vessels.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Stowe reports, October 28:

Week ended October 27.

Vessels inspected and passed.....	3
Bills of health issued.....	3
Members of crews of outgoing vessels inspected.....	92
Passengers of outgoing vessels inspected.....	19

No cases of quarantinable disease were reported during the week.

NICARAGUA.

Report from Bluefields, fruit port—Few Stegomyia calopus present.

Acting Assistant Surgeon Layton reports:

Ten days ended October 31. Present officially estimated population, 2,500. General sanitary condition of this port and the surrounding country during the week, good. Mosquitoes are more numerous; *Stegomyia calopus* are still very scarce.

Bills of health were issued to the following-named vessels:

Date.	Vessel.	Destination.	Number of crew.	Number of passengers from this port.	Number of passengers in transit.
Oct. 23	Dictator	New Orleans, La.	19	7	0
30	Imperator	New Orleans, La., via Cape Gra- cias, Nicaragua.	20	13	0

Temperatures of crews and passengers of above-named vessels taken prior to departure; all normal.